

How animals have adapted to their habitat.

By Othniel



A cheetah's spots are a body covering adaptation and used for camouflage. They have adapted to run fast so they can catch their prey easier.

A wolf has thick fur for warmth, sharp teeth to aid in hunting and eating, great night vision, and an amazing sense of smell. Wolves are apex predators and adapted over many generations to become highly efficient hunters and masters of survival.



An octopus can make their skin the colour of and the texture of a rock that they see. They have adapted to do this as it's their primary defence against predators.

The most famous adaptations a skunk has is its stripes and its spray. It's obvious that the spray is used for defence against predators and other foes.

